

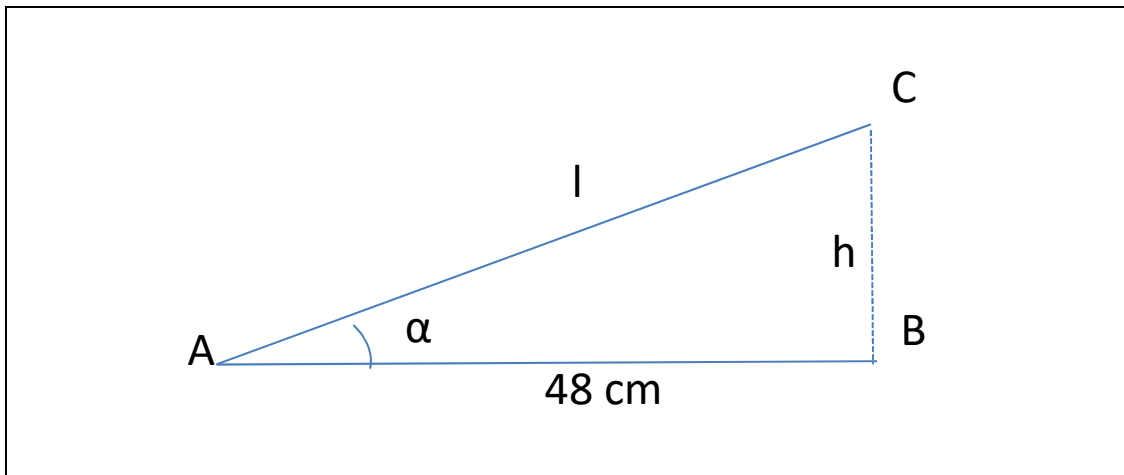
PROBLEMAS DE TRIGONOMETRÍA

Problema 100:

De un triángulo rectángulo se sabe que su área es 864 cm^2 y un cateto mide 48 cm . Calcula las razones trigonométricas de sus ángulos

Solución Problema 100:

Hacemos el croquis:



En el triángulo ABC:

$$A = \frac{b \cdot h}{2}$$

$$864 = \frac{48 \cdot h}{2}$$

$$h = \frac{864 \cdot 2}{48} = 36 \text{ cm}$$

Aplicando el teorema de Pitágoras:

$$l = \sqrt{36^2 + 48^2} = \sqrt{1296 + 2304} = \sqrt{3600} = 60$$

Razones trigonométricas de α :

$$\operatorname{tg} \alpha = \frac{h}{x} = \frac{36}{48} = 0,75$$

$$\operatorname{cotg} \alpha = \frac{x}{h} = \frac{48}{36} = 1,333 \dots$$

$$\operatorname{sen} \alpha = \frac{h}{l} = \frac{36}{60} = 0,6$$

$$\operatorname{cosec} \alpha = \frac{l}{h} = \frac{60}{36} = 1,666 \dots$$

$$\operatorname{cos} \alpha = \frac{x}{l} = \frac{48}{60} = 0,8$$

$$\operatorname{sec} \alpha = \frac{l}{x} = \frac{60}{48} = 1,25$$

Razones trigonométricas de $90-\alpha$:

$$\operatorname{tg} (90 - \alpha) = \operatorname{cotg} \alpha = 1,333 \dots$$

$$\operatorname{cotg} (90 - \alpha) = \operatorname{tg} \alpha = 0,75$$

$$\operatorname{sen} (90 - \alpha) = \operatorname{cos} \alpha = 0,8$$

$$\operatorname{cosec} (90 - \alpha) = \operatorname{sec} \alpha = 1,25$$

$$\operatorname{cos} (90 - \alpha) = \operatorname{sen} \alpha = 0,6$$

$$\operatorname{sec} (90 - \alpha) = \operatorname{cosec} \alpha = 1,666 \dots$$

Razones trigonométricas de 90 :

$$\operatorname{tg} 90 = \infty$$

$$\operatorname{cotg} 90 = 0$$

$$\operatorname{sen} 90 = 1$$

$$\operatorname{cosec} 90 = 1$$

$$\operatorname{cos} 90 = 0$$

$$\operatorname{sec} 90 = \infty$$